

Enabling Discoveries at the LHC through Advanced Computation and Machine Learning

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The Pursuit of Particle Physics

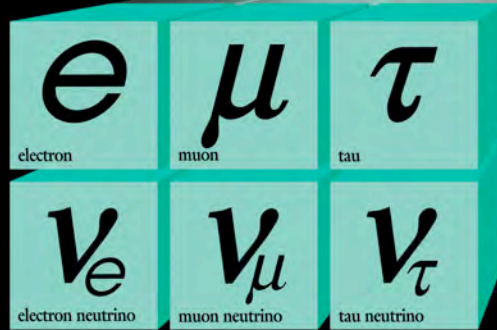
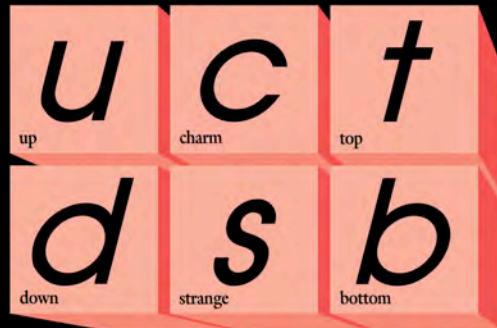
To understand the the **Universe** at its most **fundamental** level

Primary questions: What are the

- **elementary constituents** of matter?
- **forces** that dictate their **behavior**?
- the nature of **space** and **time**?

Ordinary Matter

Quarks



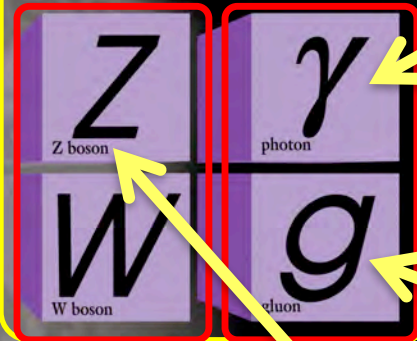
Leptons

The Standard Model*

(a.k.a. our best theory of Nature)

Mediate Matter Interactions

Forces



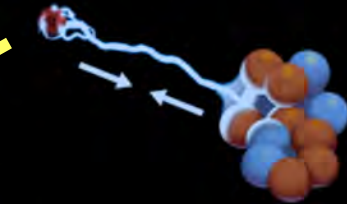
H
Higgs
boson

Heavy!

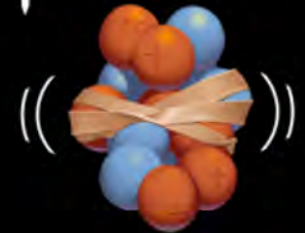
$m=0$

Before July 4, 2012,
never directly observed!

Electro
Magnetic



Strong



Weak

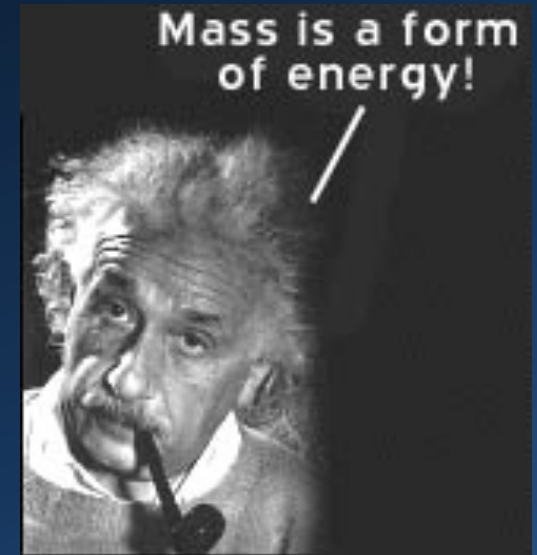
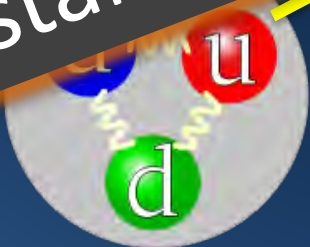


*Some assembly required. Gravity not included

How do we look for new particles?

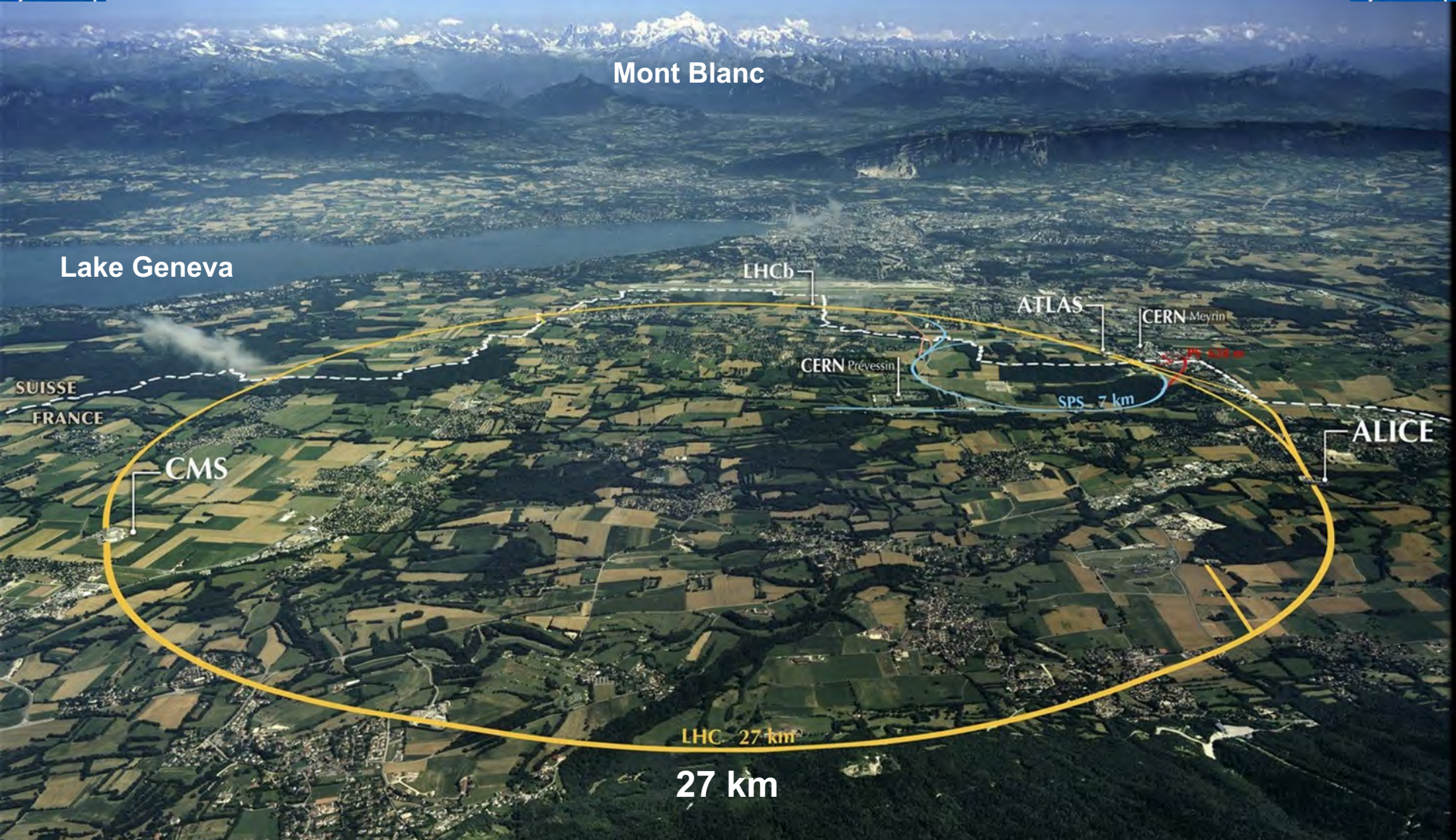
At Hadron Collider

Challenge: Massive particles are unstable and must be detected by signatures in stable decay products they leave behind





The Large Hadron Collider (LHC)



pp, pPb and PbPb collisions at highest energies

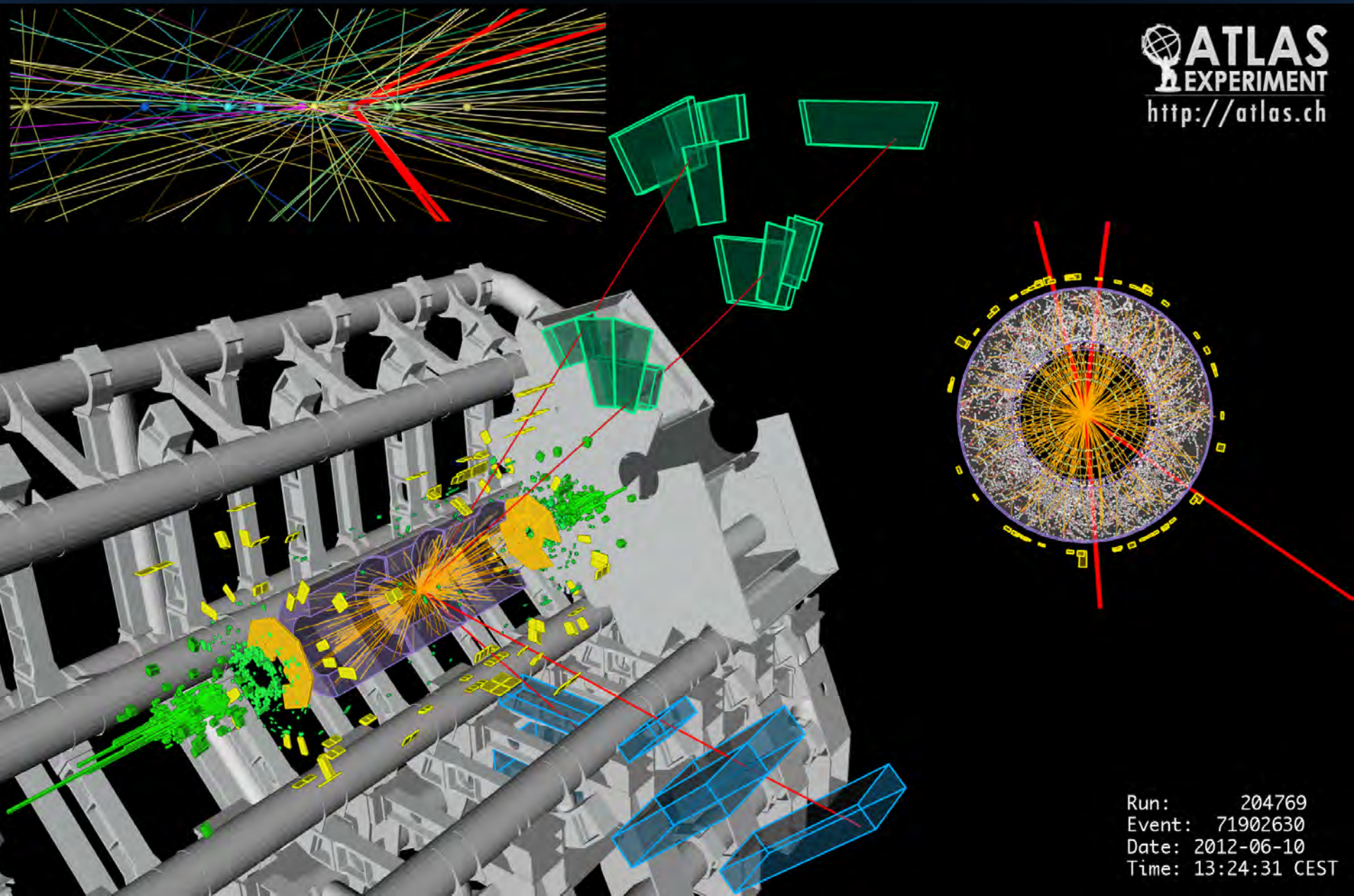


LHC Experiments

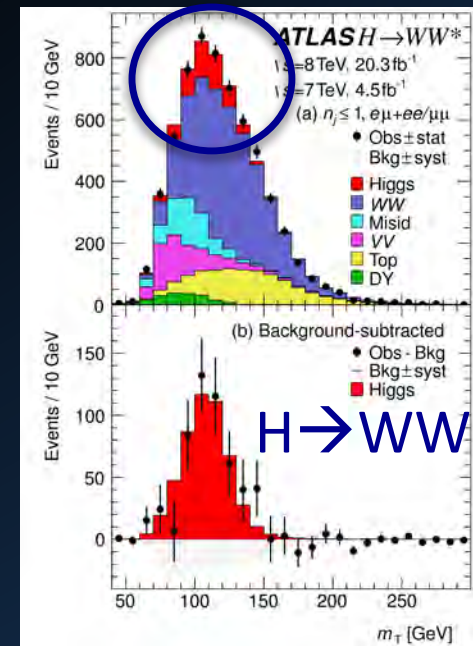
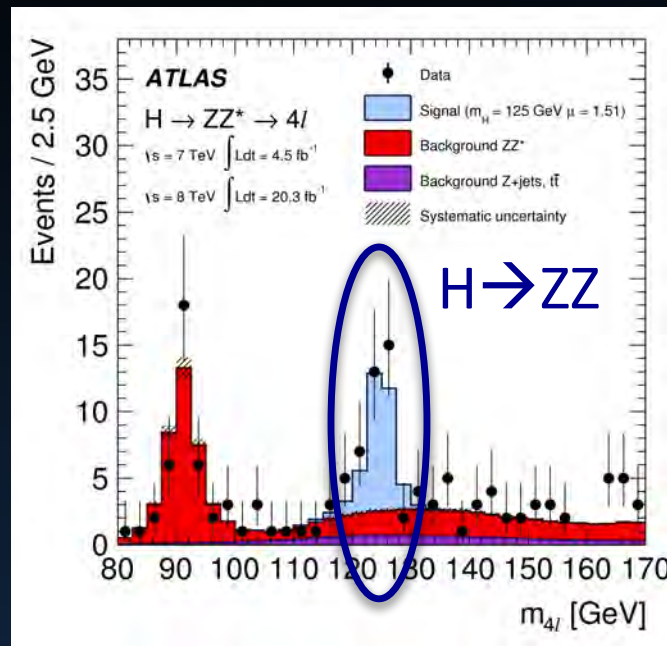
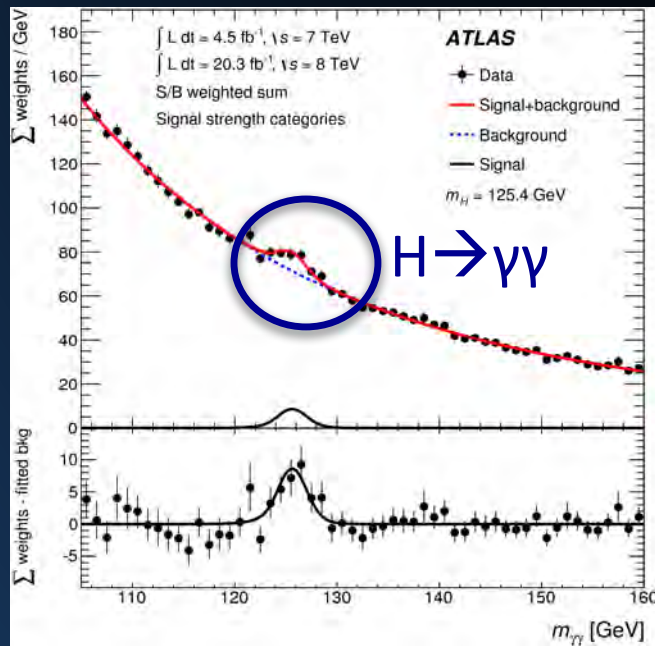


pp, pPb and PbPb collisions at highest energies

Higgs Boson Candidate: $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$



Higgs Boson Discovery! (2012)



2013 Nobel prize in Physics to Peter Higgs and Francois Englert



A new era in particle physics. The discovery of a Higgs boson with mass 125 GeV opens up a **new window** to search for **beyond-the-SM physics**

Higgs: Needle in a Haystack of Needles

- The Higgs(-like) boson **discovery** based on analysis of **1 quadrillion** (10^{15}) proton collisions!
 - **2 million** Higgs bosons produced (\$7000/Higgs)
- The **vast majority** look **virtually the same** as less interesting processes
 - Only a few really stand out (e.g. $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$)



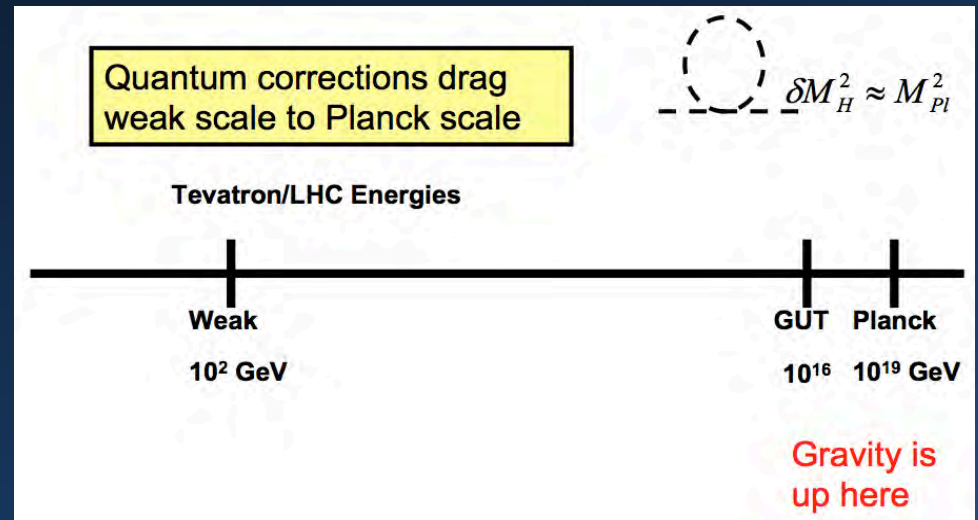
Big Data. Bon Appétit!

- LHC annually generates **15 Petabytes** of data (300,000 Blue-Ray discs)
- Data analyzed by **1000s** of **physicists** located **all over the world**
- Higgs boson discovery:
A success story of Big Science with Big Data!



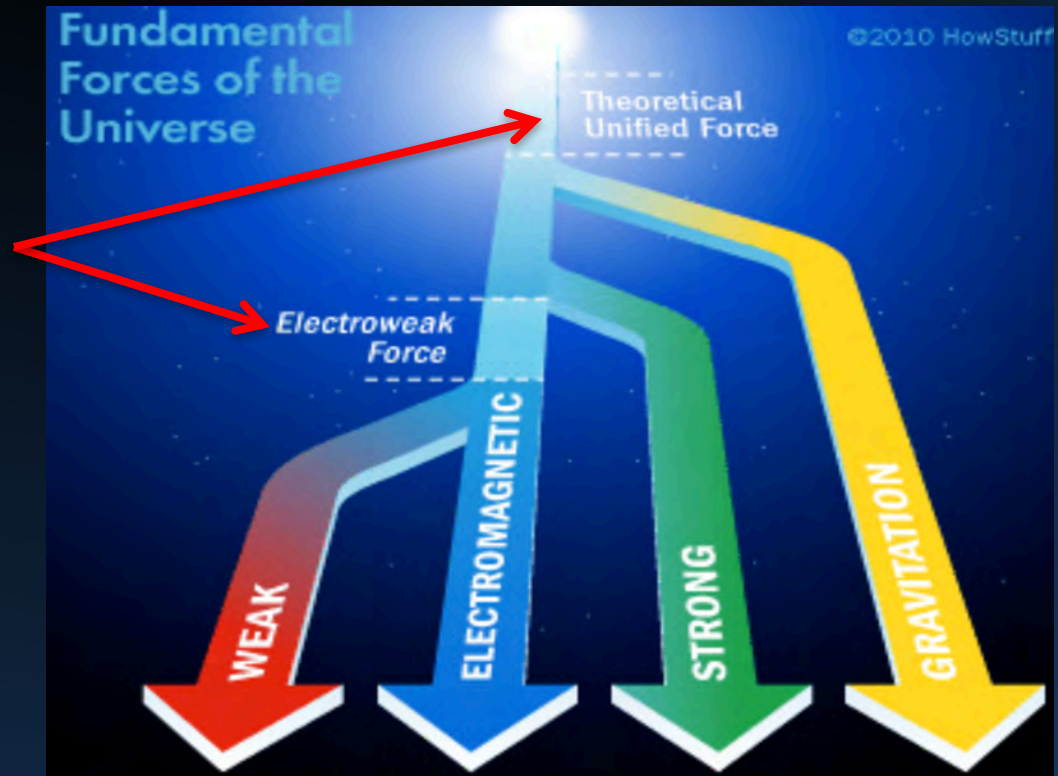
Open Questions after Higgs Discovery

- Is the newly discovered particle THE Higgs Boson in the SM or something else?
 - Does the Higgs boson have properties predicted by SM?
 - Is the Higgs boson fundamental or composite?
 - Are there more Higgs bosons?
 - How does the Higgs get its mass?
- What protects against large quantum corrections that connect weak and Planck scales?

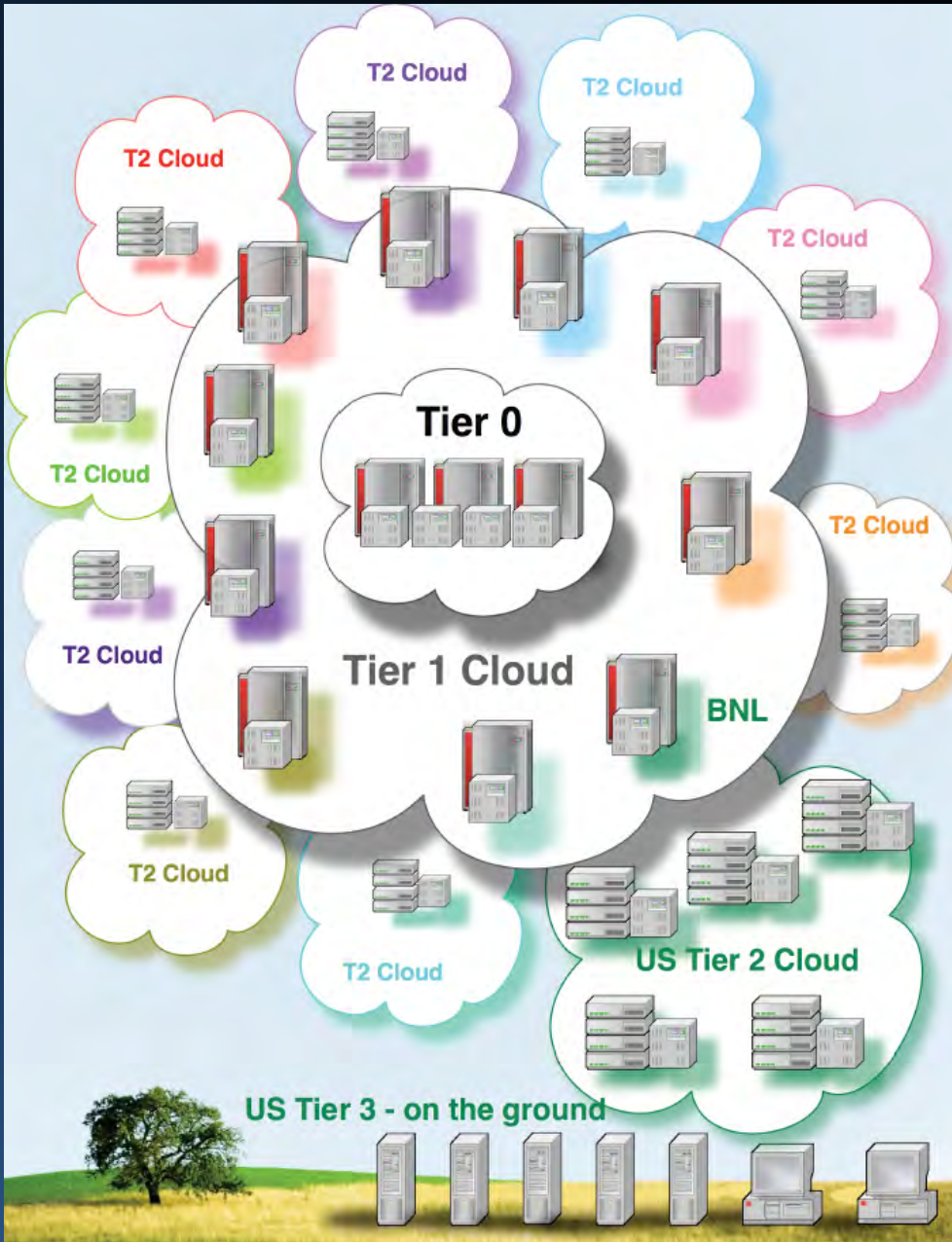


Open Questions after Higgs Discovery

- Do forces **unify** at some energy? What GUT describes that?
- What drove cosmic **inflation**? Role for Higgs boson in this?
- **Quantum Gravity**?
- Why is there a vast **dominance of matter over antimatter** in the Universe? Role for Higgs Boson?
- Are **neutrinos** their own **anti-particle**? **Sterile ν 's**? How do neutrinos get their mass? Why so small?
- What is the nature of **Dark Matter**? **Dark Energy**?



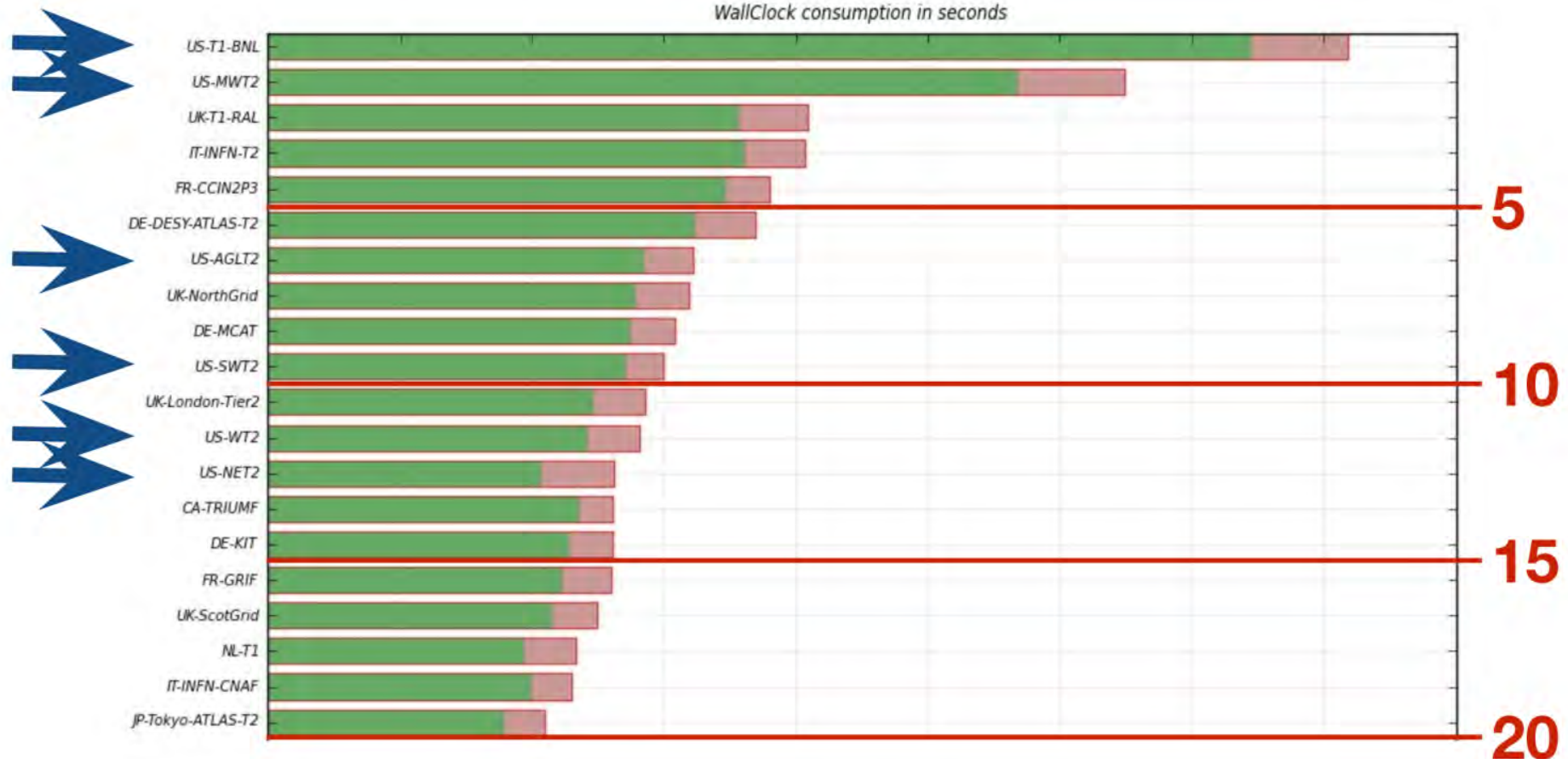
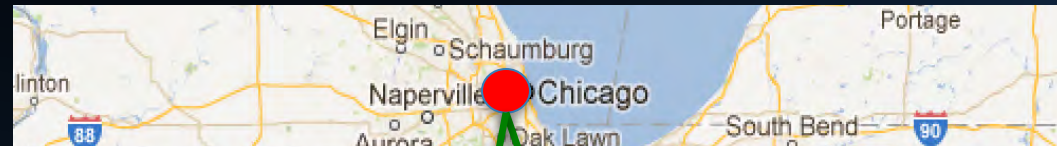
LHC Computing Challenges



- PBs of data must be processed to generate high-level objects
- 100s of Billions of simulated events must be generated to interpret the data
- Tier-2 Centers are where the vast majority of simulation, data processing and data analysis occurs

The Midwest Tier-2 (MWT2) Center

- MWT2: A three-site Tier-2 Consortia



Top 20 ATLAS Computing Centers

LHC Science on Blue Waters

- 1) Large-scale simulation, data processing and data analysis of proton-proton collisions at the LHC
 - Approach: Leverage MWT2/OSG Services and the Shifter/Docker container technologies available on BW
 - BW platform is ideal for this application due to its large CPU, storage and network resources
- 2) Machine Learning applications to improve the LHC discovery potential
 - Approach: Utilize industry-standard ML tools (e.g. Keras, TensorFlow, scikit-learn, ..) available on BW
 - BW platform is ideal for this due to its large GPU resources for training of large and complex networks

NOTE: 1) greatly enhances the capabilities of 2) !

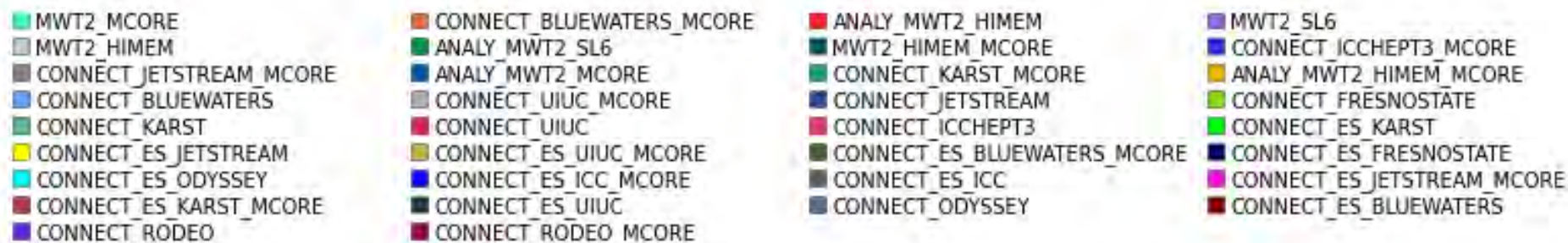
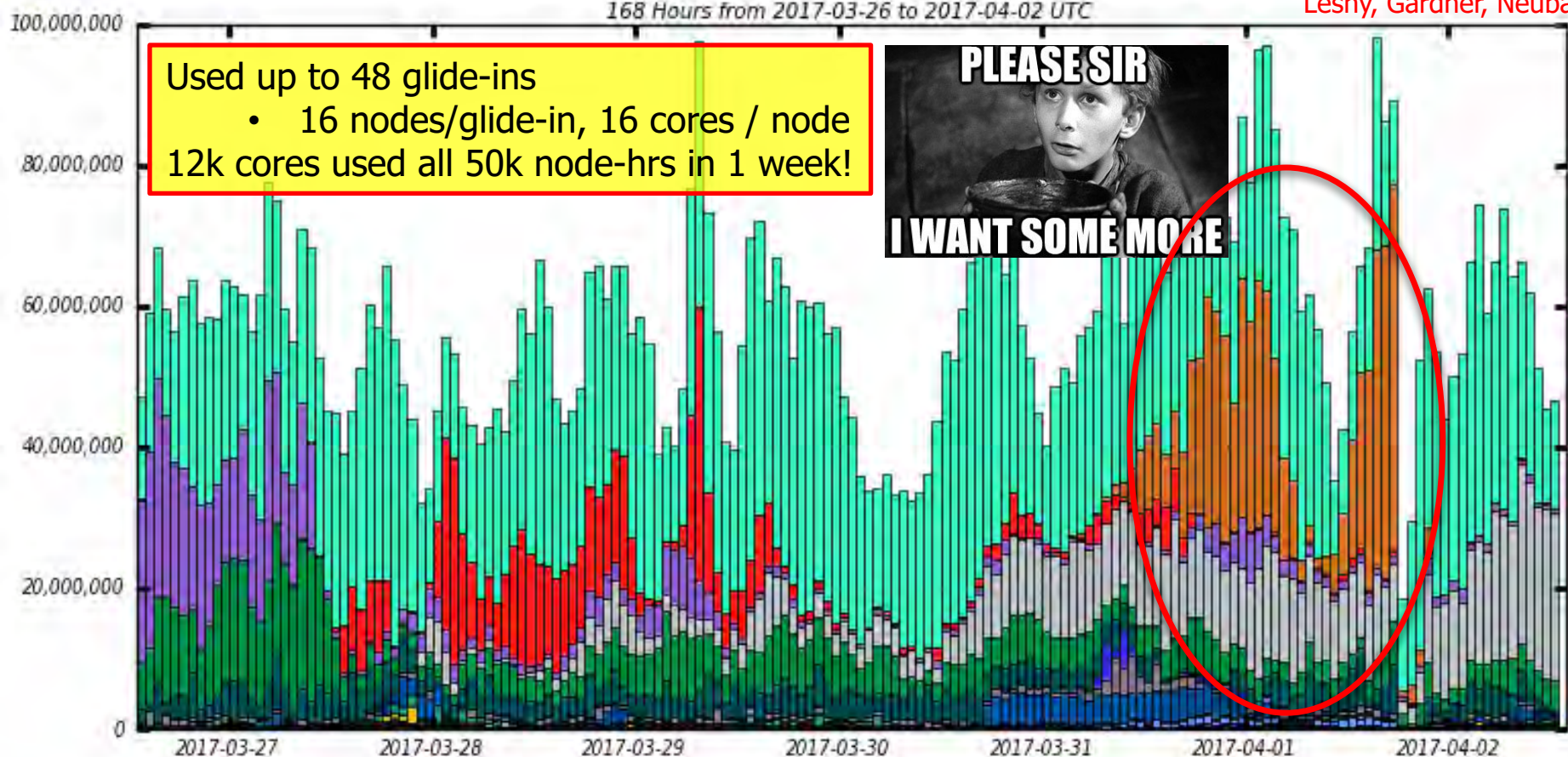
Wall Clock consumption Good Jobs in seconds

168 Hours from 2017-03-26 to 2017-04-02 UTC

Lesny, Gardner, Neubauer

Used up to 48 glide-ins

- 16 nodes/glide-in, 16 cores / node
- 12k cores used all 50k node-hrs in 1 week!



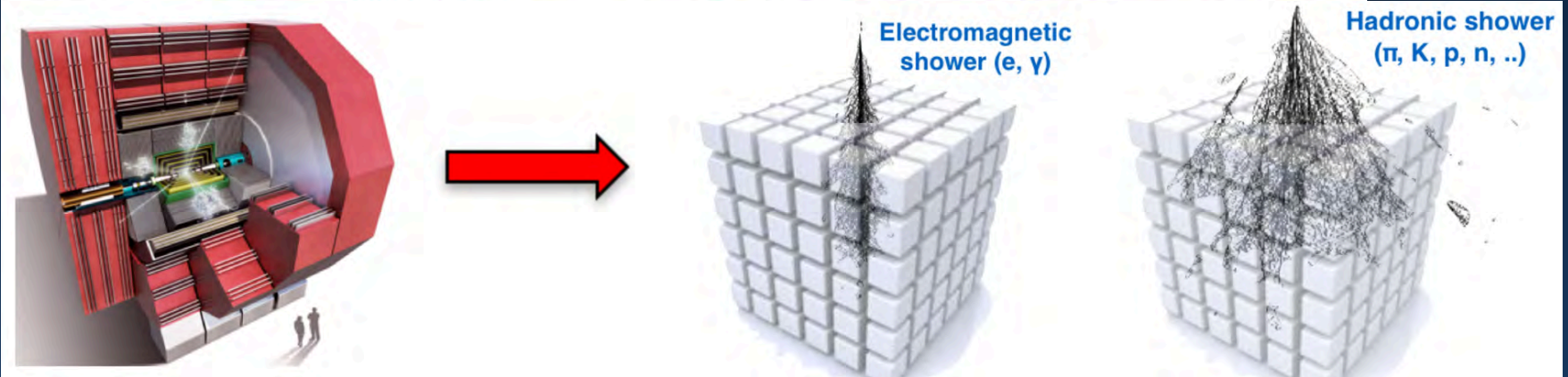
Maximum: 98,325,378 , Minimum: 18,434,706 , Average: 58,531,955 , Current: 46,617,330

Machine Learning on BW

Several Machine Learning applications have been pursued with our initial Blue Waters allocation

1) Stable Particle Identification (Farbin, Hooberman, *et. al.*)

Goal: Train DNNs for $e/\gamma/\pi^0/\pi^\pm$ discrimination



2) Decaying particle ID (e.g. boosted Higgs taggers) (Neubauer, Zhong, *et. al.*)

3) Sustainable Matrix Element Calculations

(Neubauer, Zhong, *et. al.*)

The Matrix Element Method

Probability density („weight“) for event \mathbf{x} given hypothesis α ?

ACAT2016 - Sébastien Wertz

Possible uses:

Sample likelihood
→ M.L. parameter fit

$$\prod_{i \in \text{events}} P(\mathbf{x}_i | \alpha)$$

Neyman-Pearson discriminant [4]

→ Hypothesis testing/search for rare process

$$P(\mathbf{x} | S) / \sum_i r_i P(\mathbf{x} | B_i)$$

... Can be computed!

$$P(\mathbf{x} | \alpha) = \frac{1}{A_\alpha \sigma_\alpha} \int d\Phi(y) \frac{dx_1 dx_2}{x_1 x_2 s} f(x_1) f(x_2) |\mathcal{M}_\alpha(y, x_1, x_2)|^2 W(\mathbf{x} | y) \epsilon_\alpha(y)$$

Theoretical hypothesis
(Matrix Element)

+

Parton shower + Detector
(transfer functions, efficiencies)

+

Experimental information
(whole event \mathbf{x})

- Multi-dim (~8D) integration of strongly-peaked fcns → very hard!
- Investigating application of DNN to encode integrals → fast, re-usable
→ Building collaboration between ATLAS, CMS, theorists and CS

Summary and Outlook

- The LHC program is in early stages of a **multi-decade exploration** into physics at the **high-energy frontier**
- Blue Waters provides a **unique resource** to **extend the discovery reach** of the LHC experiments
 - We have successfully deployed our “application” on BW – **simulation, data processing & analysis, Machine Learning**
 - This brings a large-scale ***Distributed High-Throughput Computing*** (DHTC) capability to the BW ecosystem
 - DHTC on HPCs is critical to realize the promise of deep learning in HEP, in addition to facilitating data-enabled discovery
- On the horizon – a possible **NSF Scientific Software Innovation Institute for HEP** (in conceptualization phase)